

## **Resolution of Witness to Adopt the 2021 General Synod Resolution *Declaration for a Just Peace Between Palestine and Israel***

The Wisconsin Conference United Church of Christ Board of Directors hereby brings forth a resolution of witness to adopt the 2021 General Synod Resolution Declaration for a Just Peace Between Palestine and Israel. This resolution will be placed on the agenda of the 2024 Annual Meeting with the support of the Board of Directors. The full text of the Declaration for a Just Peace Between Palestine and Israel resolution is available below.

The process for adopting a resolution of witness calls for a vote of the Annual Meeting when first brought forth, followed by one year of study and engagement by local congregations, and a confirming vote at the next year's Annual Meeting. The motion that will be voted on this year is: "Is this an issue that the Holy Spirit is calling the Wisconsin Conference to engage in the coming year and consider for a possible resolution of witness after a year of study and reflection?"

The action at the business meeting this year will determine whether we begin this process.

The resolution process calls for at least 30% of the congregations to report that they have engaged in some study. This study can be in the manner chosen by the local church. This local study calls only for some discussion; it does not require that any action be taken or decision voted on. Responses are expected by May 1, 2025.

A vote to formally adopt the resolution would be held at the Annual Meeting in June 2025.

The Palestine Justice Working Group is available to provide support during the year of study and to be a resource to any local congregation, any committee, any Association body, any clergy group or any other gathering that will be holding discussions. To reach the group, email Lisa Hart, associate conference minister for faith formation and justice ministries ([lhart@wcucc.org](mailto:lhart@wcucc.org)).

# **Adopting the UCC 2021 General Synod Resolution on the Declaration for a Just Peace Between Palestine and Israel**

Submitted By:

Palestine Justice Working Group of the Wisconsin Conference

In 2021, delegates to UCC General Synod 33 overwhelmingly passed a resolution of witness titled, “Declaration for a Just Peace Between Palestine and Israel.” This resolution articulates a set of principles that must be in place and honored in any just and peaceful relationship between Israel and Palestine. The resolution affirms that justice, understood both as adherence to the message of the Hebrew prophets and the life and teachings of Jesus, as well as to applicable international laws, is the fundamental and requisite principle which must guide a peaceful future for Israel and Palestine.

The resolution recognizes that all people living in Palestine and Israel are created in the image of God and that this bestows ultimate dignity and sacredness to all. It also rejects any theology or ideology including Christian Zionism, antisemitism or anti-Islam bias that would privilege or exclude any one nation, race, culture or religion within God’s universal economy of grace. The resolution calls on all settings of the United Church of Christ to receive the *Declaration* as a prophetic call for renewed and continued advocacy for a just peace in Palestine and Israel.

Recognizing the prophetic nature of this *Declaration* and seeking to use it – as delegates to General Synod 33 encouraged – as a plumbline to guide our actions, we hereby adopt and affirm the 2021 General Synod resolution, recorded in its entirety below.

1                   **DECLARATION FOR A JUST PEACE BETWEEN PALESTINE AND ISRAEL**

2  
3   Submitted By:

4  
5   Shalom United Church of Christ, New Haven, Connecticut

6  
7   With the Concurrence Of:

8  
9   First Church, United Church of Christ, Guilford, Connecticut  
10    First Congregational Church, UCC, Old Lyme, Connecticut  
11    Meriden Congregational Church, UCC, Meriden, New Hampshire  
12    Union Congregational Church, UCC, Angels Camp, California  
13    Pilgrim United Church of Christ, Carlsbad, California

14  
15   SUMMARY

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17    The resolution calls on the General Synod to adopt a *Declaration on the Requirements for a Just*  
18    *Peace Between Palestine and Israel* articulating the principles that must be in place and honored  
19    in any future just and peaceful relationship between Israel and Palestine. *The Declaration*  
20    affirms that justice, understood both as adherence to the message of the Hebrew prophets and the  
21    life and teachings of Jesus, as well as to applicable international laws, is the fundamental and  
22    requisite principle which must guide a peaceful future for Israel and Palestine. It rejects a future  
23    imposed by military power, illegal occupation and dispossession, or unilateral annexation of land  
24    and the use of an imperialistic theology as justification. *The Declaration* pronounces Israel’s  
25    continued oppression of the Palestinian people a sin, incompatible with the Gospel. It further  
26    calls upon Local Churches, Conferences, and Associations to adopt this *Declaration* as their  
27    plumbline to guide their support for the aspirations of our partners in the region and their  
28    advocacy with the United States’ government for policies consistent with these principles.

29    The resolution draws on over fifty years of General Synod actions, statements by UCC officers,  
30    and actions by Global Ministries and its historic component bodies. It is informed by the witness  
31    of ecumenical partners, including the National Council of Churches, USA, and the World  
32    Council of Churches, and it responds to the witness of our Palestinian Christian partners, and in  
33    particular *Kairos Palestine: A Word of Faith, Hope, and Love From the Heart of Palestinian*  
34    *Suffering* (2009) and *Kairos Palestine: Cry for Hope, A Call for Decisive Action* (2020).

35  
36    The *Statement of Faith of the United Church of Christ* reminds us that “God calls the church to  
37    accept the cost and joy of discipleship. . . and resist the powers of evil.” *The Declaration* calls on  
38    the United Church of Christ to engage in a costly act of solidarity and accompaniment with the  
39    Palestinian people and to resist the oppressive dispossession, occupation, and economic and  
40    military oppression of Palestine.

## BIBLICAL, HISTORICAL, THEOLOGICAL GROUNDING

In *Kairos Palestine: A Word of Faith, Hope, and Love From the Heart of Palestinian Suffering* (2009), Palestinian Christians assert that

our land has a universal mission. In this universality, the meaning of the promises, of the land, of the election, of the people of God open up to include all of humanity, starting from all the peoples of this land. In light of the teachings of the Holy Bible, the promise of the land has never been a political programme, but rather the prelude to complete universal salvation. It was the initiation of the fulfilment of the Kingdom of God on earth” (*Kairos Palestine* par. 2.3).

The promise of God regarding land and blessing in Genesis was ultimately not about possession of land, but about the role of the people of Israel as a blessing that “all the families of the earth shall be blessed” (Genesis 12.3).

United Church of Christ biblical scholar Walter Brueggemann writes that “the Torah and the world it evokes are beyond a possessed land, and this notion links to ‘a true community of all’ that transcends any tribalism” (*Chosen? Reading the Bible Amid the Israeli-Palestinian Conflict*, 2015, p. 37). He goes on to quote Jewish philosopher Martin Buber: “This entire history of the road from Ur of the Chaldees to Sinai is a consequence of choices and partings, events of history – tribal history and national history. But above them stands revelation [which] gives them their meaning, points out to them their goal. For the end of all these partings is a true community of all men.”

In 1987 the General Synod affirmed its recognition that God's covenant with the Jewish people has not been rescinded or abrogated by God, but remains in full force, inasmuch as “the gifts and the call of God are irrevocable” (Rom. 11:29) – a clear rejection of Christian supersessionist theology. Along with this, however, the General Synod in 2003 rejected the theological claims of Christian Zionism which seek to privilege Jews in the modern State of Israel over others who share the land, and instead, while recognizing “the diversity of biblical perspectives on the question of a Jewish homeland,” also “affirms that all such perspectives should be grounded in the message of justice and peace taught by Jesus and the biblical prophets.” That message is summarized in the passage from Isaiah that Jesus quotes in Nazareth to inaugurate his ministry: “The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he has anointed me to bring good news to the poor. He has sent me to proclaim release to the captives and recovery of sight to the blind, to let the oppressed go free, to proclaim the year of the Lord’s favor” (Isaiah 61.1-2; Luke 4.18-19). Isaiah reminds us that the mere accumulation of property at the expense of justice and righteousness offers only a barren future: “Ah, you who join house to house, who add field to field, until there is room for no one but you and you are left to live alone in the midst of the land” (Isaiah 5.8).

86 The United Church of Christ, through its mission agencies, has maintained a close relationship  
87 with the Palestinian Christian community, as well as the wider Arab population of Palestine. For  
88 decades it has supported churches and church-related agencies, as well as human rights,  
89 humanitarian, and social justice organizations in Palestine and Israel to the end that God’s  
90 blessings might be shared by all in the land and that the violence and oppression that have  
91 afflicted the region for over seventy years may end.

92

93 Consistent with these understandings, the General Synod has repeatedly called for the  
94 implementation of a vision of the future for Israel and Palestine based on justice and security for  
95 all and the principle of self-determination. In 1973 the General Synod affirmed that “peace and  
96 security can be attained only through a just and stable political settlement that takes into account  
97 the legitimate aspirations of all the peoples in the area and, particularly, the right to existence of  
98 the State of Israel and the rights of the Palestinian Arabs.” In 1997 the General Synod called for  
99 a negotiated agreement on the status of Jerusalem “that respects the human and political rights of  
100 both Palestinians and Israelis, as well as the rights of the three religious communities.”

101

102 In 2005 the General Synod called upon United Church of Christ settings and members “to use  
103 economic leverage, including, but not limited to: advocating the reallocation of US foreign aid so  
104 that the militarization of the Middle East is constrained; making positive contributions to groups  
105 and partners committed to the non-violent resolution of the conflict; challenging the practices of  
106 corporations that gain from the continuation of the conflict; and divesting from those companies  
107 that refuse to change their practices of gain from the perpetuation of violence, including the  
108 Occupation.” Further, the same Synod in a resolution on Israel’s construction of the separation  
109 barrier, called upon the Israeli government “to cease the project to construct the barrier, tear  
110 down the segments that have already been constructed, and make reparations to those who have  
111 lost homes, fields, property, and/or lives and health due to the barrier and its effects.”

112

113 In 2015 the General Synod called on United Church of Christ settings “to divest any direct or  
114 substantive indirect holdings in companies profiting from or complicit in human rights violations  
115 arising from the occupation of the Palestinian Territories by the state of Israel” and to “boycott  
116 goods identified as produced in or using the facilities of illegal settlements located in the  
117 occupied Palestinian territories.” In 2017 the General Synod called on Israel to honor the United  
118 Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, calling attention to the practice of military  
119 detention for Palestinian children, denial of access to legal assistance, and the use of physical and  
120 emotional abuse. Most recently, in 2019 the General Synod called for advocacy for Palestinian  
121 refugees specifically as stipulated in UN General Assembly Resolution 194 (1948), and for  
122 continued US funding for the United Nations Relief and Works Agency.

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124

#### TEXT OF THE MOTION

125 **WHEREAS** for over seventy years Palestinian people have faced dispossession of their land,  
126 displacement from their homes, a harsh military occupation, severe restrictions on travel, the  
127 military detention of their children, home demolitions – over 120,000 to date and the constant

128 threat of more – and vast inequities in access to natural, economic, and medical resources when  
129 compared to that enjoyed by Israeli citizens living in illegal West Bank settlements, and also on a  
130 daily basis face severe restrictions on access to their olive groves, farms, and holy sites; [1] and

131 **WHEREAS** there are more than 5.6 million Palestinian refugees registered with the United  
132 Nations Relief and Works Administration representing a global displacement of Palestinian  
133 people dating back to 1948 whose future status remains unresolved; [2] and

134 **WHEREAS** the Israeli government has maintained an illegal military occupation of Palestinian  
135 territories since 1967 that includes the establishment of illegal Jewish-only settlements  
136 throughout the West Bank and more recently has enacted formal discrimination against its Arab  
137 citizens through the passage of the Nation State Law in 2018; [3] and

138 **WHEREAS** provocative actions under the Trump administration, including moving the U.S.  
139 embassy to Jerusalem, the suspension of humanitarian aid to the United Nations Relief and  
140 Works Administration, and support for Israel’s proposed illegal annexation of land in the  
141 occupied West Bank have further injured the Palestinian community and imposed serious road  
142 blocks to peace; [4] and

143 **WHEREAS** the Trump Administration’s Department of Education has issued a rule labeling any  
144 criticism of the State of Israel as an antisemitic act in order to suppress advocacy for Palestinian  
145 rights on university campuses, and has joined many state governments in further suppressing  
146 freedom of speech in support of Palestinian civil society’s call for boycotts, divestment, and  
147 sanctions; [5] and

148 **WHEREAS** actions by Israel, with tacit and overt support from the United States government,  
149 have established conditions comparable to those in force under Jim Crow in the United States  
150 south between Reconstruction and the Civil Rights Movement, with segregation laws that  
151 enshrined systematic domination and oppression by whites over blacks. Israel’s acts of  
152 domination and oppression include, but are not limited to adoption of the Nation State Law in  
153 2018, the building of the separation barrier, implementation of a restrictive pass system for  
154 Palestinians, the creation of Israeli-only highways through the West Bank, and imposed military  
155 detention of Palestinian children accused of crimes; and

156 **WHEREAS** the General Synod of the United Church of Christ and its officers have for over  
157 fifty years advocated for a negotiated process leading to a just peace between Israel and Palestine  
158 marked by adherence to international law and international standards of human rights and  
159 honoring the principle of self-determination and the rights of Palestinian refugees; [6] and

160 **WHEREAS**, reminiscent of historical examples such as the United States, Canada, Australia,  
161 and Southern Africa, Israel exhibits a current-day form of settler colonialism [7], actively  
162 engaged in the removal and erasure of the indigenous Palestinian population, through a matrix of  
163 control that includes: the imposition of a harsh military occupation; the de facto annexation of  
164 Palestinian lands and threats of further annexation; the expansion of illegal Jewish only  
165 settlements in East Jerusalem and the West Bank; the contraction of Palestinian-controlled land;  
166 and the restriction of travel for Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza;

167 **WHEREAS** *Cry for Hope: A Call for Decisive Action* issued by Palestinian Christian leaders  
168 and theologians in July, 2020 [8], states that “the very being of the church, the integrity of the  
169 Christian faith, and the credibility of the Gospel is at stake. We declare that support for the  
170 oppression of the Palestinian people, whether passive or active, through silence, word or deed, is  
171 a sin. We assert that Christian support for Zionism as a theology and an ideology that legitimize  
172 the right of one people to deny the human rights of another is incompatible with the Christian  
173 faith and a grave misuse of the Bible”;

174 **THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the Thirty-Third General Synod of the United Church  
175 of Christ adopts the following *Declaration*:

176 *1. We affirm* that the continued oppression of the Palestinian people remains, after more  
177 than five decades of oppression of the Palestinian people, a matter of theological urgency  
178 and represents a sin in violation of the message of the biblical prophets and the Gospel,  
179 and that all efforts to defend or legitimate the oppression of the Palestinian people,  
180 whether passive or active, through silence, word, or deed by the Christian community,  
181 represent a fundamental denial of the Gospel.

182 *Therefore, we reject* the notion that Israel’s occupation of Palestine is a purely  
183 political problem outside the concern of the church or that the oppression of the  
184 Palestinian people is an inevitable consequence of global or regional geopolitical  
185 interests.

186 *2. We affirm* that the biblical narrative beginning with creation and extending through the  
187 calling of the Israelites, the corrective admonitions of the prophets, the incarnation and  
188 ministry of Jesus and the witness of the apostles to the “ends of the earth” . . . speaks of  
189 God’s blessing extending to “all the families of the earth.” (Genesis 12.3)

190 *Therefore, we reject* any theology or ideology including Christian Zionism,  
191 Supercessionism, antisemitism or anti-Islam bias that would privilege or exclude  
192 any one nation, race, culture, or religion within God’s universal economy of grace.

193 *3. We affirm* that all people living in Palestine and Israel are created in the image of God  
194 and that this bestows ultimate dignity and sacredness to all;

195 *Therefore, we reject* any laws and legal procedures which are used by one race or  
196 religion or political entity to enshrine one people in a privileged legal position at the  
197 expense of another, including Israel’s apartheid system of laws and legal procedures.

198 *4. We affirm* that all peoples have the right to self-determination and to their aspirations for  
199 sovereignty and statehood in the shaping of their corporate religious, cultural, and political  
200 life, free from manipulation or pressure from outside powers, and that a just resolution of  
201 conflicting claims is only achieved through the equal protection of civil rights, the fair and  
202 just sharing of land and resources, and peaceful negotiation based on international law and  
203 UN resolutions.

204 *Therefore, we reject* the use of Scripture to claim a divine right to the land as the  
205 rationale for Israel’s illegal seizure and annexation of Palestinian land as well as the  
206 imposition of so-called peace agreements by Israel or the United States through the  
207 exercise of political and military domination that leaves Palestinians without equal  
208 rights, full citizenship, and the opportunity to thrive religiously, culturally,  
209 politically, and economically.

210 5. *We affirm* the rights of Palestinian refugees to return to their homes if they so choose or  
211 to be compensated for their loss of property, consistent with UN General Assembly  
212 resolution 194 (1948).

213 *Therefore, we reject* the denial of this right, just as we reject efforts to manipulate  
214 internationally-agreed upon definitions of refugees to attempt to erase this right  
215 which extends across generations.

216 6. *We affirm* the First Amendment constitutional right to freedom of speech and assembly  
217 to protest the actions of the State of Israel and to uphold the rights of Palestinians,  
218 including the use of economic measures to support justice as a First Amendment right and  
219 joining the international Boycott, Divestment, and Sanctions movement by individuals,  
220 institutions, corporations, and religious bodies that advocate peace with justice or  
221 participate in any aspect of the use of economic measures to support justice.

222 *Therefore, we reject* the idea that any criticism of policies of the State of Israel is  
223 inherently antisemitic, in confession that some criticism is antisemitic in intent or  
224 impact, and we oppose the efforts of U.S. federal and state governments to limit free  
225 speech on university campuses and to restrict or ban support of the international  
226 Boycott, Divestment, and Sanctions movement.

227 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that national setting of the United Church of Christ send the  
228 text of this *Declaration* to Local Churches, Associations and Conferences; and

229 **BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED** that all settings of the United Church of Christ be encouraged  
230 to receive this *Declaration* as a prophetic call for renewed and continued advocacy for a just  
231 peace in Palestine and Israel and use it as a plumbline for taking action, including, for example:

232 a. Committing to hearing the voices of Palestinians regarding their situation, including the  
233 voices of Palestinian Christians through the study of Palestine Liberation Theology,  
234 attention to statements and appeals such as *Kairos Palestine: A Moment of Truth* (2009)  
235 and a *Cry for Hope* (2020), participation in travel seminars that expose visitors to the  
236 Palestinian community, and use of resources from Global Ministries of the United Church  
237 of Christ and the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ).

238 b. Implementing the calls of prior General Synod resolutions, including the 2015  
239 Resolution, “A Call for the United Church of Christ to Take Actions Toward a Just Peace  
240 in the Israeli-Palestinian Conflict,” and the 2017 Resolution, “A Call for the United

241 Church of Christ to Advocate for the Rights of Children Living Under Israeli Military  
242 Occupation.”

243 c. Examining critically our use and interpretations of Scripture as well as liturgies and  
244 hymns that equate ancient Biblical Israel with the modern state in ways that promote  
245 settler colonialism and the dispossession of Palestinian land, rights, and cultural  
246 expressions.

247 d. Offering support and encouragement to college students and faculty members as well as  
248 the human rights groups (including Students for Justice in Palestine, Jewish Voice for  
249 Peace, American Muslims for Palestine, and many other allied groups), whose freedom to  
250 speak, witness and advocate on university campuses is threatened in any way by state or  
251 local governments, or by college administrators.

252 e. Advocating for the cessation of U.S. military aid to Israel until such time that Palestinian  
253 human rights, civil rights, and self-determination are fully realized and protected in  
254 compliance with international law, US laws on foreign military assistance, and the  
255 principles of human rights.

256 f. Supporting the full restoration of US funding for the United Nations Relief and Works  
257 Agency which carries out critical services by and for Palestinian refugees, and  
258 encouraging continued support for UCC partners which serve Palestinian refugees.

259 g. Demanding that the plight of Palestinian refugees be addressed by Israel and the  
260 international community based on United Nations Resolution 194 guaranteeing that  
261 “refugees wishing to return to their homes and live at peace with their neighbours should  
262 be permitted to do so at the earliest practicable date, and that compensation should be paid  
263 for the property of those choosing not to return and for loss of or damage to property  
264 which, under principles of international law or equity, should be made good by the  
265 Governments or authorities responsible.”

266 **FUNDING:** The funding for the implementation of the Resolution will be made in accordance  
267 with the overall mandates of the affected agencies and the funds available.

268 **IMPLEMENTATION:** The Officers of the Church, in consultation with appropriate ministries  
269 or other entities within the United Church of Christ, will determine the implementing body.

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271 *Footnotes*

272 (1) Israeli Committee Against Home Demolitions: <https://icahd.org/>

273 (2) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East:  
274 <https://www.unrwa.org/>

275 (3) [https://www.vox.com/world/2018/7/31/17623978/israel-jewish-nation-state-law-bill-  
276 explained-apartheid-netanyahu-democracy](https://www.vox.com/world/2018/7/31/17623978/israel-jewish-nation-state-law-bill-explained-apartheid-netanyahu-democracy)

277 (4) [https://www.globalministries.org/ecumenical\\_statement\\_on\\_current\\_u\\_s\\_policy\\_and\\_isra  
278 el\\_palestine](https://www.globalministries.org/ecumenical_statement_on_current_u_s_policy_and_israel_palestine)

- 279 [https://www.globalministries.org/ucc\\_disciples\\_leaders\\_issue\\_joint\\_statement\\_in\\_respon](https://www.globalministries.org/ucc_disciples_leaders_issue_joint_statement_in_response_to_the_peace_and_prosperity_proposal)  
280 [se to the peace and prosperity proposal](https://www.globalministries.org/ucc_disciples_leaders_issue_joint_statement_in_response_to_the_peace_and_prosperity_proposal)
- 281 [https://www.globalministries.org/not\\_peace\\_but\\_apartheid\\_b\\_tselem\\_s\\_brief\\_response\\_t](https://www.globalministries.org/not_peace_but_apartheid_b_tselem_s_brief_response_to_the_trump_plan)  
282 [o the trump plan](https://www.globalministries.org/not_peace_but_apartheid_b_tselem_s_brief_response_to_the_trump_plan)
- 283 [https://www.globalministries.org/ucc\\_disciples\\_leaders\\_issue\\_statement\\_on\\_israeli\\_settl](https://www.globalministries.org/ucc_disciples_leaders_issue_statement_on_israeli_settl)  
284 [ements](https://www.globalministries.org/ucc_disciples_leaders_issue_statement_on_israeli_settl)
- 285 (5) [https://forward.com/fast-forward/410044/trump-education-dept-adopts-controversial-](https://forward.com/fast-forward/410044/trump-education-dept-adopts-controversial-new-definition-of-anti-semitism/)  
286 [new-definition-of-anti-semitism/](https://forward.com/fast-forward/410044/trump-education-dept-adopts-controversial-new-definition-of-anti-semitism/)
- 287 [https://palestinelegal.org/news/2018/9/11/kenneth-marcus-adopts-controversial-](https://palestinelegal.org/news/2018/9/11/kenneth-marcus-adopts-controversial-antisemitism-definition-at-doe-with-no-public-notice-reopens-dismissed-rutgers-case-from-2014?rq=anti-semitism%20department%20of%20education)  
288 [antisemitism-definition-at-doe-with-no-public-notice-reopens-dismissed-rutgers-case-](https://palestinelegal.org/news/2018/9/11/kenneth-marcus-adopts-controversial-antisemitism-definition-at-doe-with-no-public-notice-reopens-dismissed-rutgers-case-from-2014?rq=anti-semitism%20department%20of%20education)  
289 [from-2014?rq=anti-semitism%20department%20of%20education](https://palestinelegal.org/news/2018/9/11/kenneth-marcus-adopts-controversial-antisemitism-definition-at-doe-with-no-public-notice-reopens-dismissed-rutgers-case-from-2014?rq=anti-semitism%20department%20of%20education)
- 290 (6) [https://www.globalministries.org/mee\\_resolutions](https://www.globalministries.org/mee_resolutions)
- 291 (7) [https://www.wrmea.org/israel/palestine/how-settler-colonialism-can-help-us-understand-](https://www.wrmea.org/israel/palestine/how-settler-colonialism-can-help-us-understand-israel-and-the-us.html)  
292 [israel-and-the-us.html](https://www.wrmea.org/israel/palestine/how-settler-colonialism-can-help-us-understand-israel-and-the-us.html)
- 293 [https://www.globalministries.org/ameu\\_s\\_the\\_link\\_the\\_decolonizing\\_of\\_palestine\\_towar](https://www.globalministries.org/ameu_s_the_link_the_decolonizing_of_palestine_towards_a_one_state_solution_by_jeff_halper)  
294 [ds a one state solution by jeff halper](https://www.globalministries.org/ameu_s_the_link_the_decolonizing_of_palestine_towards_a_one_state_solution_by_jeff_halper)
- 295 (8) Kairos Palestine and Global Kairos for Justice: <https://www.cryforhope.org/>