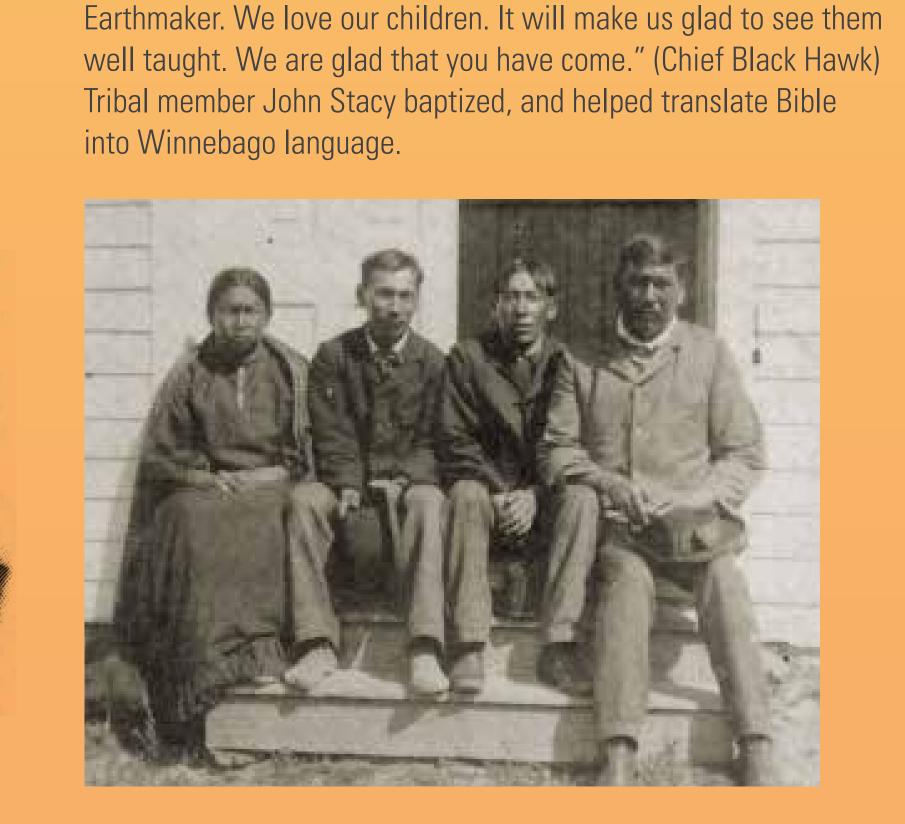


1832 Black Hawk War ends at Battle of Bad Axe 1836 - 1848 Wisconsin Territory in Wisconsin)



1840 St Paul's "The Protestant Church," Erin (first cong. of

1878 Winnebago Indian Mission Church, Black River Falls (now Ho-Cak UCC) Mission House professor Henry Kurtz, grateful for a Winnebago tribal member who saved his life in a snowstorm. Jacob Hauser and Jacob Stucki among first leaders. "The words you have spoken are good. We also believe in





1933 Myrtle Baker, first woman ordained

1940s Friedens ("peace") Evangelical and Reformed Church, Milwaukee, Pastor Wm. Schlinkmann, FBI investigates for preaching against WWII. 1950s Post-War Church Growth

1945 Mitchell Whiterabbit, first Native American ordained 1956 Cedar Lake Home, West Bend established by Evangelical ar Reformed congregations (now Cedar Community)

1962 Fairhaven Home, Whitewater established by leaders of Wisconsin Congregational Conference (now Fairhaven Senior Services) 1963 First Meeting of the Wisconsin Conference United Chur of Christ, Lawrence University, Appleton. 329 congregation roughly half from both Evangelical and Reformed and Congregational Christian traditions. U.S. Senator Wm. Proxmire, speaking

1966 New Glarus Home, New Glarus established with Pilgrim Center, Green Lake 1995 Gay/Lesbian Task Force created

1992 Trost Center built in Deforest

2017 Conference votes to become immigrant welcoming

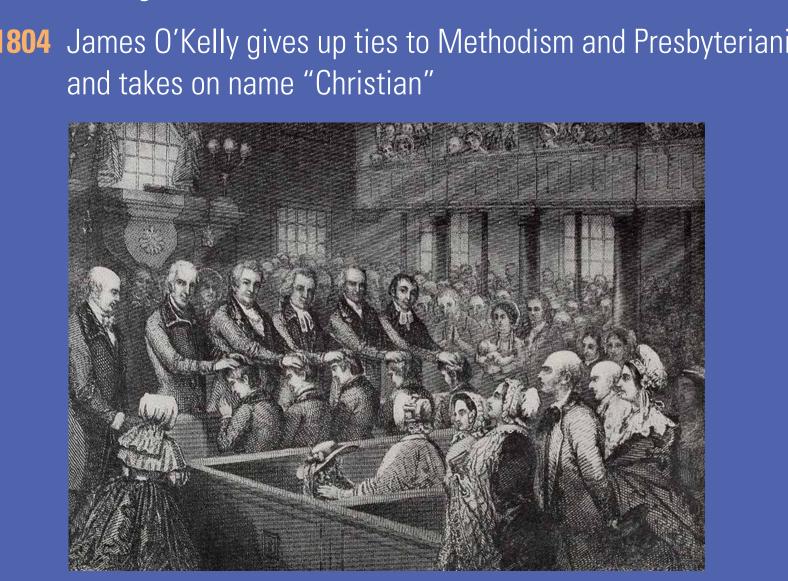
2014 Conference votes to become ONA

of the Union Germany) Malagasy Protestant Church in Paris (France) United Reformed Church of the United Kingdom Bright Stars of Bethlehem

NOW 1820 1800 1840 1880 1900 1960 1980 2000 1860 1920 1940

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1801 Plan of Union; Presbyterians and Congregationalists 1801 Female Society for Spreading Christian Education is formed, later changed to Women's Board of Mission **1801** Barton W. Stone helps lead the Cane Ridge Revival: fearing sectarianism takes on the name "Christian" in 1804 1804 James O'Kelly gives up ties to Methodism and Presbyterianism and takes on name "Christian"



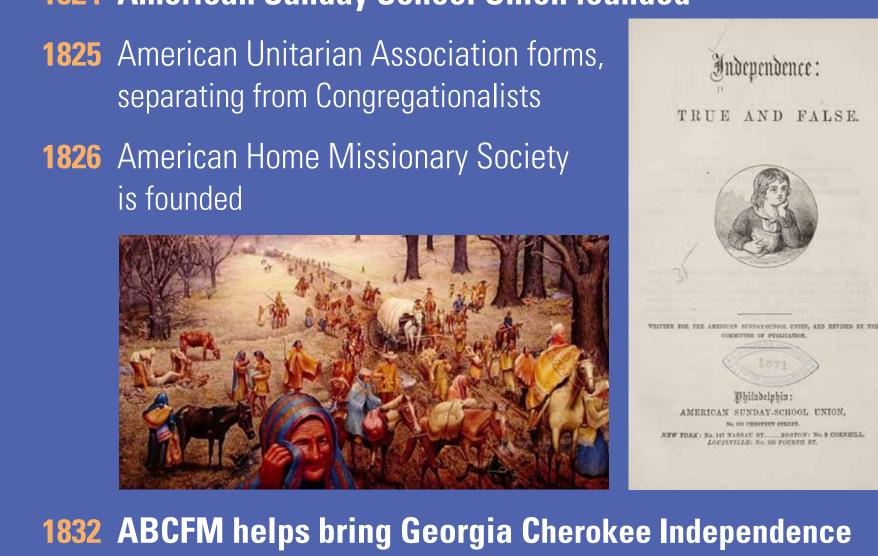
1806 "Haystack Meeting" leads to creation of American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions in 1810 **1810** Stone and O'Kelly movements join with Elias Smith movement to form "Christian Connection" or Christian Church

1812 American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions send first missionaries to India 1817 ABCFM sends first missionary to work among the Cherokees

in Tennessee 1817 Frederick William III, the King of Prussia, creates a unified Lutheran and Reformed Church **1820** ABCFM sends missionaries to Hawaii

1800

1821 Friedrich Schleiermacher publishes his systematic, "The Christian Faith" 1824 American Sunday School Union founded



issue to Supreme Court. Despite Court decision, tribes are forced to leave their land leading to the "Trail

1833 Disestablishment of Congregational Church in Massachusetts 1839 Amistad Committee formed to aid Africans aboard the Amistad slave ship

6 John W. Nevin publishes "The **Mystical Presence" Mercersburg** in Missouri publish a union catechism,

1841 Amistad case reaches the U.S. Supreme Court and the

1840 Founding of the Evangelical Synod of North America

captives are freed

the "Evangelical Catechism" 1850 Christian movement delegates from 11 states and Canada meet at Marion, Ohio. The largest general convention for the movement to date. 1850 "Der Friedensbote" (Messenger of Peace) begins publication at Marthasville, Missouri 1852 Harriet Beecher Stowe publishes "Uncle Tom's Cabin"

1852 Albany Convention of Congregational Churches: Plan of Union is abandoned 1853 Antoinette Brown is the first woman ordained into Christian ministry. ordained into Christian ministry. 1854 American Missionary Society organized; first integrated Anti-slavery society 1854 Southern delegation withdraws over abolition issue at the Cincinnati Convention of Christian Church

1840

in the United States **1863** Celebration of the 300th Anniversary of the Heidelberg

864 American Missionary Association shifts focus to literacy education in the South 1865 National Congregational Council states and several different countries **1865** Burial Hill Declaration of Faith for

1866 Eastern Synod of Reformed Churc 1867 Myerstown Convention of "Old Reformed" list objections to Eastern liturgy and propose their own western liturgy in 1869 1871 National Council of the Congregational Churches of the U.S. gathers

1883 Commission Creed produces more modern statement of belief 190 for Congregationalists 1884 Board of Foreign Missions of the German Evangelical Synod

"In His Steps"

1880

1887 Missionaries sent to Japan from Foreign Missions Department of American Christian Convention **1887** Woman's Missionary Society formed as official part the needs of the poor 1896 Charles Sheldon publishes

influences Social Gospel Movement publishes "Social Salvation" 1908 Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in

1900

America founded, first meeting in Philadelphia 1913 Kansas City Statement of Faith summarizes Congregational belief with strong Social Gospel themes

1906 Northland College founded by Congregationalists

1910 German Evangelical Synod founds Deaconess Hospital,

Milwaukee (now Aurora Sinai Medical Center)

1927 First World Conference on Faith and Order held in Lausanne 1931 Congregational Church and Christian Church merge 1932 Reinhold Niebuhr publishes MORAL MAN AND IMMORAL SOCIETY

"Moral Man and Immoral Society" 1934 Evangelical Church and Reformed Church merge **1934** Council for Social Action established by General Cour of Cong. and Christian Churche

1947 Final draft of "Basis of Union" presented to Evangelical and Reformed and Congregational Christian denominations 1948 World Council of Churches meets for the first time in Amsterdam to stop proposed merger 1953 Court of Appeals State of New York upholds Supreme Court of State of New York decision to allow General Council of Congregational Christian Church to pursue merger

of Christ Church of Christ 1959 Formative document "Call to Christian Action in Society" adopted by General Synod

1960 Constitution of the United Church of Christ approved in special 1980 EKU Synod meeting in East and West Germany votes "adjourned session" of Second General Synod 1966 "Statement by the National Committee of Negro Churchmen" published in the the New York Times 1966 UCC Ministers for Racial and Social Justice organized at

"Washington Consultation"

1972 William Johnson is first openly gay person to be ordained to Christian ministry 1974 "Hymnal of the United Church of Christ" is published position of Secretary and President of a mainline

1977 "[Robert] Moss Version" of Statement of Faith commended to the church for more inclusive 1977 Manual on the Ministry introduced, later revised and expanded
1995 "The New Century Hymnal" is published

1978 Biblical Witness Fellowship drafts a confessional statement, "The Dubuque Declaration" 1978 Walter Brueggemann publishes "The Prophetic Imagination" **2000** Statement of Faith translated into Spanish by Damaris Velez 2004 "God is Still Speaking"

2005 Marriage Equality Jesus didn't reject people. Neither do we. **2007** 50th Anniversary of the

NOW

HISTORY

RELIGIOUS AND SOCIOPOLITICAL EVENTS AND MOVEMENTS

Ratification of the Constitution (1789) Second Great Awakening from 1790 to 1840 **Act Prohibiting Importation of Slaves** (1807) **Abolition Movement** continues into the 19th Century **Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions** (1810)

Temperance Movement (1830s begins to grow)

1820

Narrative of the Life of Frederick Douglass, *an American Slave* (1845) American Missionary Association founded 1846 (Abolition Movement) Fugitive Slave Law (1848) **Uncle Tom's Cabin** (1852) **Dred Scott Decision** (1857) First Woman's Rights Movement (Seneca Falls Convention 1848) Third Great Awakening (1855 – 1930)

Reconstruction Era (1863 – 1877) "On the Origins of Species" by Charles Darwin (1859) **Emancipation Proclamation** (Jan. 1, 1863) 13th Amendment (1865 Ending slavery) 14th Amendment (1868 Citizen rights & equal protection) **15th Amendment** (1870 Male citizen, "of all backgrounds" right to vote)

1860

Jim Crow Era (1870 – 1965) "Principles of Psychology" published by William James (1890) Fundamentalism (begins late 1800s)

Progressive Era (1890s to the 1920s) Pentecostal Movement (begins in the early 1900s) Federal Council of Churches (1908) becomes the National The New Deal (1933 - 1936) **Council of Churches** (1950)

Prohibition (1920 – 1933) Woman's Suffrage (19th Amendment ratified in 1920) The Great Depression (1929 until the late 1930s) Union of Congregational and Christian Churches (1931) and

Evangelical and Reformed Churches (1934)

1920

World Council of Churches (1948) Civil Rights Movement (1955 – 1968) **United Church of Christ** (1957)

1940

Second Wave Feminist Movement Fourth Great Awakening (1960s and 1970s. Decline of Main-Line Church) **Environmental Movement** (Silent Spring published 1958. First Earth Day 1970.) **Vietnam War Protest Movement** (1964-1973) **American Indian Movement** (1968) **Gay Liberation Movement** (1969 – 1974)

1960

LGBTQ Rights Movement (1972 – Present) Third Wave Feminist Movement (1990 – 2008)

for "Kirchengemeinschaft" or Full Communion with UCC,

1981 Statement of Faith in the form of a doxology is endorsed

the national Office for Church in Society.

1982 Office for Church Life and Leadership produces

1981 Yvonne Delk becomes first African American Woman to head

A Just Peace Church

endorsed by UCC in 1981

"The Leader's Box"

1986 UCC Book of Worship published

Ministries "Houston Statement

1989 UCC and Disciples of Christ in full

1990 National offices of UCC move to

and Reformed Churches

1980

1997 Formula of Agreement between Lutheran

First African American President (2008) The Great Recession (late 2000s to early 2010s)

2000

WESTWARD EXPANSION, IMMIGRATION/MIGRATION, AND THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

First Industrial Revolution (1760 to 1820/1840) **Louisiana Purchase** (1803) **Lewis and Clark Expedition** (1804 – 1806) Oregon Trail (laid between 1811 – 1840. First Wagon Train 1836) Territory of Wisconsin (1836 – 1848)

Missouri Compromise (1820) **Baltimore and Ohio Railroad** (1828) Indian Removal Act 1830 (Trail of Tears) Wisconsin Statehood (1848) California Gold Rush (1848 – 1855) Kansas Nebraska Act (1854)

American Civil War ends slavery (1861-1865) **Transcontinental Railroad** (1863 – 1869) European Immigration (1836 to 1914, over 30 million Europeans migrated to the United States. Late 1880s influx of eastern and southern Europeans. By1910, 13.5 million immigrants were living in the United States)

Electrification (Beginning in the 1880s)

Automobile Age (20th Century to the Present) First Transatlantic Flight (1919)

The National Origins Formula of 1921 & 1924 restricts the number Age of Television (Late 1940s to the Present) of immigrants The Great Depression (1929 until the late 1930s) Golden Age of the Radio (1920s – 1940s) First International Passenger Flight (1939)

Alaska and Hawaii Statehood (1959)

Cold War (1947 – 1991)

Korean War (1950 – 1953)

Digital Revolution Begins (late 1950s into 1970s) **The Immigration and Naturalization Act** of 1965 does away with racially based quota system. Apollo 11 (July, 20, 1969. First astronauts on the moon) After 1970, immigrants from Korea, China, India, the Philippines, and Pakistan, as well as countries in Africa became more common.

Computer/Information/Internet Era (Present) 1986 Immigration Reform Act grants amnesty to 3 million aliens. 1980s to the present, illegal immigration becomes a sociopolitical issue.

WARS AND CONFLICTS

American War of Independence (1775 – 1783) American Indian Wars or First Nation Wars from 17th Century until the 1920s **War of 1812** (1812-1815) **Tecumseh & the Creek War** (1813 – 1814)

Indian Removal Act (1830) and forced resettlement Black Hawk War (1832)

Mexican American War (1846-1848)

American Civil War (1861- 1865)

Battle of Little Big Horn (1876) **Wounded Knee Massacre** (1890) **Spanish American War** (1898)

Philippine-American War (1899 – 1910) **Word War 1** (1914 – 1918)

World War II (1939 –45) **United Nations Charter** (1945)

Vietnam War (1955-1965)

Gulf War (1990 – 1991)

September 11, 2001 **Iraq War** (2003 – 2011) Afghanistan War (2003 – Present)